

Gr. 9 Applied Math Review

Integers:

Adding and Subtracting Integers: **REMEMBER** $-(-) = +$ and $+(-) = -$

eg. $(6) + (-3) =$
 $(-2) + (10) =$
 $(5) - (-4) =$
 $(-7) - (3) =$

Multiplying Integers: *If the signs are the same, the product is positive. If they're different, the answer is negative*

$(+) \times (+) = (+)$ positive times a positive is **positive** $(+) \times (-) = (-)$ positive times a negative is **negative**
 $(-) \times (+) = (-)$ negative times a positive is **negative** $(-) \times (-) = (+)$ negative times a negative is **positive**

Dividing Integers: *Same rules as multiplication (just check to see if the signs are the same or different)*

1. Add

a) $(4) + (-2)$ b) $(51) + (-41)$ c) $(2) + (6)$ d) $(-3) + (7)$

2. Subtract

a) $(6) - (12)$ b) $(5) - (-2)$ c) $(-3) - (7)$ d) $(-45) - (-45)$

3. Multiply

a) $(5) \times (9)$ b) $(-4) \times (7)$ c) $(-11) \times (-12)$ d) $(12) \times (-5)$

4. Divide

a) $(25) \div (5)$ b) $(-18) \div (3)$ c) $(-72) \div (-8)$ d) $(-35) \div (7)$

Decimals:

Write in decimal form. eg. $\frac{3}{10} = 3 \div 10 = 0.3$ (use a calculator if needed)

5 a) $\frac{24}{100}$ b) $\frac{12}{50}$ c) $\frac{2}{5}$ d) $\frac{9}{15}$ e) $\frac{3}{4}$

Fractions: $\frac{1}{4}$ - numerator
4 - denominator

Reducing to lowest terms: - find a common factor that will divide evenly into the top and into the bottom

eg. $\frac{5}{15}$

Reduce to lowest terms.

6. a) $\frac{6}{12}$

b) $\frac{9}{81}$

c) $\frac{12}{36}$

d) $\frac{8}{24}$

Adding or Subtracting Fractions: When adding or subtracting fractions you need to have a common denominator.

eg. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} =$

Add or Subtract.

8. a) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$

b) $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$

c) $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2}$

d) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4}$

Multiplying Fractions: When multiplying fractions, multiply the numerators then multiply the denominators.

eg. $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{4}{5} =$

--> When possible reduce to lowest terms

Multiply.

9. a) $\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}$

b) $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{11}{21}$

c) $\frac{4}{15} \times \frac{5}{10}$

Dividing Fractions: When dividing fractions change the sign to multiplication and invert the 2nd fraction

eg. $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{1}{3} =$

-reduce to lowest terms

Divide.

10. a) $\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{1}{5} =$

b) $\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{1}{2} =$

c) $\frac{4}{15} \div \frac{5}{7} =$

Percent:

Percent means simply out of 100.

eg. If you received a mark of 80 on a test out of 100 you received a mark of 80%.

$$\frac{80}{100} = 80\%$$

$$\frac{17}{100} =$$

When you calculate percents from fractions that are not out of one hundred you divide the top (numerator) by the bottom (denominator), and multiply the decimal by 100.

Eg. $\frac{25}{50} = 0.5$

$$\frac{24}{60} =$$

$$0.5 \times 100 = 50\%$$

Write as percents.

11. a) $\frac{6}{100}$

b) $\frac{7}{28}$

c) $\frac{12}{25}$

Converting percents to decimals - just divide the percent by 100 **OR** move the decimal 2 places to the left.

Eg. $25\% = 25 \div 100$
 $= 0.25$

$$42\% =$$

Convert the percent to a decimal.

12. a) 67%

b) 3%

c) 14%

d) 6%

Converting a percent to a fraction: - when converting a percent to a fraction use 100 as the denominator and if possible convert the fraction to lowest terms.

$$\text{Eg. } 50\% = \frac{50}{100} = \frac{50 \div 50}{100 \div 50} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Convert the percent to a fraction.

13. a) 10% b) 15% c) 14% d) 9%

Percent problems (*finding the percent OF a number*):

Eg. 1 25% of 40 =
=

Convert the percent to a decimal and multiply

Eg. 2 Skis are on sale at 40% off. A pair of skis regularly sells for \$180. What is the price after the discount?

Regular price = \$ 180 **Discount** 40 % of 180 =

Sale Price =

Therefore the price of the skis after discount is

Percent Problems:

14. a) 25% of 50 b) 15% of 40 c) 5% of 35 d) 47% of 150

(i) The regular price of a bike is \$227.50. It is on sale at 15% off. What is the new sale price?

Can you think of another way to solve this problem?